BOMBAY COURIER.

VOL. XXI.] SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1811. [NUMBER 1000.

IT has been Reſolved, that all Advertiſements which appear under the Signature of the Secretary to Government, or of any other Officers of Government properly authoriſed to publiſh them in the BOMBAY COURIER, are meant, and muſt be deemed to convey official Notification of the Board's Orders and Regulations, in the ſame manner as if they were particularly ſpecified to any Servant of the COMPANY, or others to whom ſuch Orders and Reſolutions have a Reference

BOMBAY CASTLE, 21ſt SEPTEMBER, 1798

JOHN MORRIS, SECRETARY.

Regiſter *of Sums depoſited in the General Treaſury at Bombay, on Account of the Eſtates of Military Perſons deceaſed, to the* 31*ſt October* 1811 ***alſo,*** *of thoſe tranſferred, diſcharged and remaining unclaimed, under this date.*

DATE WHEN DEPOSITED.		BY WHOM DEPOSITED,	ON ACCOUNT OF WHOSE ESTATES,	AMOUNT.			REMARKS.
1806 Dec.	6th	Lieutenant Colonel R Doolan Commanding 1ſt Battalion Native Infantry, -	The Eſtate of the late Lieutenant J. Robinſon of the ſame Corps, - - - - - - —	800	0	00	Unclaimed.
,,	15th	Captain John Dufty, of the 2d Battalion 1ſt Regiment Native Infantry, - - -	Ditto James Caſtle, Conductor of Ordnance and Stores at Cannanore according to an account delivered by Captain Dufty, - - - - - - —	89	3	10	Ditto,
1807 Feb.	20th	J. Robinſon Town Adjutant - - -	Ditto Lieutenant J. Gibſon of the 2d Regiment Native Infantry, - - - - - —	175	3	22	Ditto,
1809 June	20th	Major Robert Lewis, Commandant of Marine Battalion.	Ditto Enſign Thomas Brown, of the ſame Corps, - - - - - - - -	47	1	95	Ditto,
Oct.	13th	Lieutenant Colonel Holmes, - - - -	Ditto Captain Armſtrong, - - - - -	2798	2	26	Ditto,
1810 April	17th	Thomas White Military Pay-maſter Gen.	Ditto Sub Condr. Jordon, - - - - -	1,002	0	00	Paid the 30th Sept. laſt to O. Woodhouſe, Eſq. Adminiſtrator to the Eſtate of the deceaſed.
June	20th	Savile Marriott Garriſon Pay-maſter, - -	Ditto Naique Ramſing of the 2d Battalion 7th Regiment, Native Infantry. - - - -	363	0	00	Unclaimed.
Sept.	14th	Michael Kennedy Town Major, - - -	Ditto Lieut. R. McDonald, of the 8th Regiment Native Infantry, - - - - -	682	2	80	Ditto,
1811 Feb.	1ſt	Brigadier General Malcolm - - -	Ditto Captain N. P. Grant of the 15th Regiment Native Infantry. - - - - -	676	1	71	Ditto,
April	2d	Capt. Hull Commanding 1ſt B. 4. Rt. N.I	Ditto Enſign W. R Graves of the ſame Corps.	780	0	00	Ditto,
May	3d	Capt. McClintock of the 6th Regt N. I.	Ditto Lieut. George Walter of the ſame Corps.	240	0	00	Ditto,
August	24th	Colonel John Bailie Commdt. of Artillery,	Ditto Majr Samuel Carter of the ſame Corps, -	2144	3	49	Ditto,
Oct.	15th	Capt. A. Hogg for Lieut Col Wm Eaſt,	Ditto Lt. Daniel Dunaresq of the 1ſt B. 2d R. N. I	1013	3	00	Ditto,
,,	23d	Thomas Waite Military Pay-maſter Gen.	Ditto Enſ. John Williamſon of the 2d B. 3d R. N. I.	1015	2	92	Ditto,

BOMBAY CASTLE,
ACCOUNTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,
31*ſt October*, 1811.

ERRORS EXCEPTED,
J. KAYE,—*Accountant General.*

Government Advertiſement.

Public Department 1ſt Nov. 1811.

NOTICE is hereby given that his Excellency the Vice Preſident in Council at Fort William has been pleaſed to reſolve to afford to the public Creditors at this Preſidency, a limited remittance of the Principal of their 6 per Cent Bengal Loan paper this ſeaſon upon the following terms.

2d. The Bills to be granted on the Honorable Court of Directors in liquidation of the Principal of the Debt will be drawn at 12 months date, and at the Exchange of two Shillings and four Pence the Sicca Rupee; with an option, allowed to the Honorable Court of poſtponing Payment thereof, for a period of One, Two, or Three Years, after the Bills become due, upon paying Intereſt thereon half yearly at the rate of five per Cent per Annum.

3d. The Holders of the Six per Cent Loan obligations, their Agents, Attornies, or Aſſigns, who may be deſirous of availing themſelves of this accommodation, are requeſted to ſend their Tenders accompanied by the Paper itſelf, under a Sealed cover endorſed "Tender for remittance to Europe," to the Accountant General's Office, on Wedneſday morning, the 15th of January 1812, before the hour of 12 o'clock.

4th. A Committee will meet at the Accountant General's Office, at 12 o'clock on that day, conſiſting of the Chief Secretary to Government, the Accountant General, and the Acting Sub-Treaſurer, for the purpoſe of examining the Tenders, and ſhould the total amount thereof exceed the ſum to be remitted, an equal diſtribution of the remittance will be made, proportionably to the amount of each reſpective Tender, in even hundreds.

5th. No Tender will be accepted under the ſum of Sicca Rupees 5,000, nor will any Bills be granted for a leſs ſum than £ 500.

6th. The Tenders will be made over to the Acting Sub-Treaſurer who will pay the Broker Intereſt in caſh, and grant to the Proprietor a Certificate for the amount of the ſubſcription received from him; which Certificate on being preſented at the Accountant General's Office, will be forwarded (together with the original Note properly receipted) to the accountant General at Fort William with the neceſſary inſtruction endorſed on the Certificates for granting the Bills, and which will bear date the 15th January 1812.

7th. When the Bills are prepared at Fort William they will either be returned to the Accountant General at this Preſidency, for the purpoſe of being delivered to the Proprietors; or if the Proprietor required it, by inſtructions to that effect endorſed on the Certificate, the Bills will be forwarded by the Accountant General at Fort William by the earlieſt opportunities to Europe, under cover to the Parties in whoſe favor they are drawn.

8th The Accountant General at Fort William will in like manner forward any Bills for Subſcriptions made in Bengal, on the Proprietors, endorſing inſtructions to that effect upon the Sub-Treaſurer's Certificate: agreeably to the Advertiſement publiſhed in the Calcutta Gazette Extraordinary of the 5th October 1811.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Governor in Council,

F. WARDEN,
Chief Sec. to Govt.

Government Advertiſement.

THE following articles having been waſhed on ſhore, about the firſt of laſt month, at the villages of Kanteya Jal Wumleſur Samlee and others, in the Purgunnah of Hanfoot, and having been collected and depoſited in the Tannah of that Purgunnah; Notice is hereby given that unleſs the ſaid articles are claimed within three months from this date, the ſame will be ſold, and after defraying the contingent expences, the balance of the proceeds will be retained by the Judge and Magiſtrate of Broach for eventual appropriation to public charitable purpoſes viz:t.

3,552 Cocoanuts,
7½ Maunds Mujeet,
3¼ Ditto Dry Cocoanuts.

Publiſhed by Order of the Hon'ble the Governor in Council,

J. FARISH,
Act. Sec. to Govt.

BOMBAY CASTLE,
1ſt November, 1811.

Advertiſemen,.

MR J. MITCHELL having it in contemplation to return to Europe, by an early opportunity, and expecting a partner to ſucceed him in his Concerns moſt earneſtly requeſts a ſpeedy ſettlement of the debts, now due to the Firm of J MITCHELL & Co. as the longeſt time he can poſſibly be enabled to give, will be the period of his remaining in this country.

Bombay, 2d November 1811.

SECOND
Madras Government Lottery
FOR 1811.

MESSRS. FORBES & Co. have received the Tickets of the 2nd Claſs of the above Lottery, correſponding in number with thoſe ſold by them and not drawn in the 1ſt Claſs, and which may be exchanged on application at their Office, untill the 20th Inſtant, at Rupees 80 each ready money.

Bombay, 2d November 1811.

FOR SALE,
AT THE
COURIER OFEICE,
THE
Aſiatic Annual Regiſter,
FOR 1808,
Price 11 Rupees.

COMMERCIAL DEAPRTMENT.

Government Advertisement.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

THAT the Madeira Wine, imported on account of the Hon'ble Company in September laſt, and the remainder of the India Market Madeira imported in October 1809, will continue for ſale by retail for ready money, at the undermenntioned prices, from the preſent date to the end of the year.

Perſons applying for Wine are requeſted to depute truſty people for the purpoſe of ſeeing the Pipes filled up, and delivered from the Warehouſe, as the Warehouſe-keeper is not reſponſible for any after the purchaſe is made.

No Wine will be delivered before the price be paid in, except in the inſtance of Purchaſes, made by Meſſes of Corps, which will be allowed to receive the Wine, and to pay for the ſame by monthly inſtalments, in Sums not leſs than one fourth of the value of each Pipe.

	India Market imported in Oct. 1809.	London Market imported in Sept. 1810.	India Market imported in Sept. 1810.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1811. November per Pipe at - - —	438	414	397
December - Ditto - - —	443	419	402

One moiety of the above Prices to be paid by the purchaſers of Hogſheads.

By Order of the Honorable the Governor in Council,

ROBERT KITSON,
Import Warehouſe-keeper.

Bombay, 1ſt November 1811.

શરકારી • જાહીર • ખબર

એદીજે • જે • મદીરા • વછત • આને • શ્રી • મદીરાની • શરાબ • માશા • શંપતેબર • મધે • શરકારના • હુકમે • આવીછતે • તથા • છડીઆન • મારકીટની • મદીરા • આને • ફીકુરા જાંનના • બાનાર • મદીરા • શરાબ • માશા • અકટોબર • શને ૧૮૦૯ મધે • આવી • હતી તે • મધેની • રકેલીછતે • શરવે • થેડી • થેડી • કરીને • એ • તારીખથીતે • એ • વરશ • પુરુ થાએ • તાંકાં • થુકી • રોકડે • નાંણે • નીચે • લખેલી • કીમત • માકક • વેચીશ્રુ ❀

જે • આદમી ઓ • દારુ • લેવા • ચાશે • તેકુને • માલમ • કરીએચજે • તેકુએ • પોતી કુ • શા રુ • એતીબારી • આદમી • દારુનાં • પીપ • ભરેલાંછતે • જોવા • શારુ • તથા • વખારમાંથી • પી પ • લેવા • શારુ • મુકવુ • કાંએજે • વેરોનકીપર • આને • શરકારના • વખારદાર • ખરીદી કીધા • પછે • કરી • વાતનો • જબાબ • દેશે • નકી ❀

નાંણાં • પગાર • કીધા વીનાં • શરાબ • આપશે • નકી • પૈણ જે • શરાબ • એશકેરપ • આ ને • ખશકરને • ખરચ • શારુ • ખરીદ • કરશે • તે • શરાબ • લેવાની • રના • આપશે • પૈણ • તે નાં • નાંણાં • મકીનેને • મકીને • કુકતે • બંદી • પગાર • કરવા • તે • કુકતો • દર • પીપના • કીમ તના • થોથા • ભાગાથી • એછો • લેશે • નકી ❀

છડીઆનમારકી ટ • આને • ફીકુરા જાંનના • બાનાર ની • માશા • અકટો બર • શને ૧૮૦૯ મધે • આવેલો ❀	વીખા • ચેતનાં • બા જાર ની • માશા • શપતેબર • શને ૧૮૧૦ મધે • આ વેલો ❀	ફીકુરા જાંનના • બાનારનો • માશા શપતેબર • શને ૧૮૧૦ મધે • આ વેલો ❀

શને ૧૮૧૧ માશા • નવેબર • મધે	રુપીઆ	રુપીઆ	રુપીઆ
૬૨ • પીપની • કીમતર -	૪૩૮	૪૧૪	૩૯૭
માશા • ડીસેબર	૪૪૩	૪૧૯	૪૦૨

કાગશકુડ • આને • અરધીકુ • પીપ • લેશે • તેની • કીમત • ૬૨ • અરધીકુ • પીપની • કુપ ૨૦ • ભરેલી • કીમતના • અરધો • અરધ • આપેં તા • ૧ નવેબર • શને ૧૮૧૧ અંગરેજી

R. T. GOODWIN,
Secretary to Government In the Office of Country Correſpondence.

ADVERTISEMENT.

PROBATE of the laſt Will and Teſtament of Robert Strachan late of Bombay Mariner deceaſed having been granted by the Hon'ble the Court of the Recorder to Captain Peter Brown and Mr. James Stott the Executors in the ſaid Will named; all Perſons indebted to the ſaid Eſtate or having claims thereon are required to make the ſame known to the abovenamed Executors or to their Proctor without delay.

HUNGERFORD,
PROCTOR.

Bombay, 1ſt November 1811.

ADVRRTISEMENT.

PROBATE of the laſt Will and Teſtament of Catharina de Minezes late of Bombay Portugueſe Inhabitant deceaſed having been committed by the Hon'ble the Court of the Recorder to Domings Caetano Vieges and Gonfallo Murzello of Bombay Inhabitants the Executors th rein named; all Perſons indebted to the ſaid Eſtate or having claims thereon are required to make the ſame known to the ſaid Executors without delay,

HUNGERFRRD,
PROCTOR.

Bombay, 1ſt November 1811.

Adminiſtration.

In the Goods of DANIEL DUMARESQ late a Lieutenant in the Military Service of the Hon'ble Laſt India Company deceaſed.

LETTERS of Adminiſtration in the above Goods having been granted to Meſſrs. Nader Baxter, Samuel Ferrar and Eduljee Curſetjee of Bombay Merchants, Creditors of the deceaſed, all Perſons indebted to the Eſtate or having claims thereon are requeſted to make the ſame known to the Adminiſtrators without delay.

HUNGERFORD.
PROCTOR.

Bombay, 1ſt November 1811

Adminiſtration.

In the Goods of WILLIAM HEADLY late an Aſſistant Surgeon in His Majesty's 2d Battalion 56th Regiment of Foot deceaſed.

LETTERS of Adminiſtration with the Will of the deceaſed annexed having been granted to Lieutenant William Woulds of the ſame Regiment all Perſons indebted to the Eſtate or having claims thereon are requeſted to make the ſame known to the adminiſtrators without delay.

HUNGERFORD.
PROCTOR.

Bombay, 1st November 1811.

Notice is Hereby Given,

THAT LIEUTENANT COLONEL WILLIAM E ST, as Commanding Officer of the 1ſt Battalion 2d Regiment Native Infantry has taken charge of the Effects of the late Lieutenant DANIEL DUMARESQ of the ſame Corps deceaſed, and after payment of Servants Wages, Funeral Expences &c. has lodged the balance of the Eſtate amounting to Rupees One Thouſand and Thirteen and Three Quarters in the Hon'ble Company's Treaſury.

POORBUNDER,
1st August 1811.

ADVERTISEMENT.

In the Goods of WILLIAM CHICHELY BUNCE Eſq. late of the Honorable Company's Civil Service Deceaſed.

ADMINISTRATION to the Eſtate of the ſaid WILLIAM CHICHELY BUNCE having been granted by the Court of Canterbury to WILLIAM BUNCE Eſq. the natural and lawful Father of the Deceaſed; All perſons having Claims on the ſaid Eſtate are requeſted forthwith to furniſh an account of the nature and amount thereof to Lieutenant BELLASSIS one of the Conſtituted Attornies of the ſaid WILLIAM BUNCE and all perſons indebted thereto are requeſted to pay without delay what may be due by them reſpectively to Lieutenant BELLASSIS in order that the ſame may be applied according to law in diſcharge of the Debts affecting the ſaid Eſtate.—Bombay 11th October 1811.

D. H. BELLASIS,
One of the Conſtituted Attornies of the ſaid William Bunce the Administrator to ſaid Eſtate.

Notice is hereby Given.

THAT Captain J. STEWART, lately in Command of the 2d Battalion 3d Regiment Native Infantry, having in conformity to the Articles of War, taken charge of the Effects of the late Ensign JOHN WILLIAMSON, of the ſame Corps—has depoſited the Surplus (after payment of all Regimental debts) in the Treaſury of Bombay.

J. STEWART,
Capt. Lieut. lately Commandg 2d Battalion 2d Regimennt.

KAIRA,
14th October, 1811.

Adminiſtration.

In the Goods of ANNA MARIA DE SOUZA *late of Bombay Widow deceaſed.*

LETTERS of Adminiſtration in the above Goods having been granted to Meſſrs. Nader Baxter, Samuel Ferrar and Eduljee Curſetjee of Bombay Merchants, Creditors of the deceaſed, all Perſons indebted to the Eſtate or having claims thereon are requeſted to make the ſame known to the Adminiſtrators without delay.

HUNGERFORD.
PROCTOR.

Bombay, 1ſt November 1811.

Adminiſtration.

In the Goods of JOHN CHAMBERS *late of Bombay Deceaſed.*

LETTERS of Adminiſtration in the above Goods having been granted to Meſſrs. Nader Baxter, Samuel Ferrar and Eduljee Curſetjee of Bombay Merchants, Creditors of the deceaſed, all Perſons indebted to the Eſtate or having claims thereon are requeſted to make the ſame known to the Adminiſtrators without delay.

HUNGERFORD.
PROCTOR.

Bombay, 1ſt November 1811.

Advertiſement.

ALL Perſons indebted to, or having lawful claims upon the Eſtate of the late JAMES WILSON Eſq. Surgeon on this Eſtabliſhment, are requeſted to make the ſame known as ſoon as poſſible, to Lieutenant George Wilſon His Majeſty's 65th Regiment, Brother of the deceaſed, and one of the Executors to the Eſtate.

GEORGE WILSON
Executor.

Bombay, 2d November 1811.

SECOND Madras Government *LOTTERY* FOR 1811.

List of Prizes drawn to the Tickets in the above Lottery, diſpoſed of by Messrs. FORBES & Co..

Prizes of 40 Star Pagodas.

Nos. 5516 5562 5626 5645 5664 5700 5703 5722.

Prizes of 20 Star Pagodas.

Nos.	5513	5518	5521	5523	5524
5526	5535	5537	5543	5545	5548
5555	5563	5564	5567	5571	5573
5575	5582	5587	5592	5598	5607
5612	5619	5629	5631	5632	5633
5635	5630	5641	5649	5652	5655
5667	5668	5670	5675	5676	5686
5688	5705	5706	5712	5713	5715
5717	5720.				

Bombay, 18th October 1811.

Notice is Hereby Given.

THAT on Thurſday next the 7th inſtant will be expoſed to ſale by Public Outcry at the Bunder Pierhead, a Luggage Boat of 80 Tons Burden called Demaun, Built at Demaun in the year 1798 with the Stores belonging to her conſiſting of Ropes, Maſt, Sail, Anchor &c. as ſhe now lies afloat in the Harbour. The ſale to begin at 12 o'Clock in the forenoon, two months credit will be allowed to the Purchaſer on giving good ſecurity for the payment; for the particulars enquire at the Office of Luke Aſhburner Eſq,

Bombay, 2d November 1811.

MESSRS. WOOLER & Co. beg to inform the Public that they have bought the Inveſtment of Captain Barber, Honorable Company's Ship Moffat, conſiſting of a General Aſſortment of Europe Articles, which will be expoſed for ſale at their Warehouſe in the courſe of few days.

Bombay, 2d September 1811.

Advertiſement.

FOR SALE

At R. Maclean's Godowns

IN MEADOW STDEET,

FOR READY MONEY.

MADEIRA WINE; a few Pipes that may be approved of upon taſting.

Ditto in Bottles at - - -	24 Rs. per Dozen.
Port Wine (per Scaleby Caſtle) - - - - - -	30
Coniac Brandy, at 15 Rupees per Gallon - - - - -	42
Jamaica Rum 8 do. - - -	22
Fine Ripe Pale Ale from Hodgſon Country Bottled. - -	10

N. B. Robert Maclean begs leave to intimate, that being now about to cloſe his Concerns, he has particularly to requeſt thoſe indebted to him, will forthwith put their accounts into a ſtate of Adjuſtment; otherwiſe he ſhall be neceſſitated to put the ſame into the hands of his Attorney, Mr. Stephenſon.

Bombay, 1ſt November 1811.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 08 April, 2017

BOMBAY RACES.

1812

FIRST MEETING,

TO BE RUN FOR

ON *MONDAY*, THE 6TH JANUARY 1812.

THE BYCULLA SUBSCRIPTION PURSE, for Maiden Colts—Rupees 200 each, with Rupees 800 from the Fund *One Two Mile Heat, weight for age*, Byculla Standard,* To be kept open until the 15th December, 1811 H. F.

THE BOMBAY SUBSCRIPTION PLATE, of 100 Rupees each, with Rupees 1000, from the Fund, for all Horfes, *weight for age*, Byculla Standard; *Heats Two Miles;* to be open until the 4th of January, when the Horfes are to be named, and no entering at the Poft.

FRIDAY, THE 10TH JANUARY.

A PLATE given by Mr. FORBES, value £ 100 for Maiden Horfes carrying 9 *Stone;—One Three Mile Heat.*

A GIVE AND TAKE PLATE, of Rupees 800 from the Fund, 14 *Hands* 9 *Stone; Heats One Mile and a half.*

TUESDAY, THE 14TH JANUARY.

THE MALET STAKES, of 100 Rupees each, with Rupees 1200 from the Fund, for all Horfes carrying 10 *Stone One Two Mile and a half Heat.*

A PURSE of Rupees 800 from the Fund, for all Colts, *weight for age*, Byculla Standard; *Heats One Mile and a half.*

* *Byculla Standard.*

2 years old to carry	a Feather.	
3 do.	st. 7.	lbs. 2.
4 do.	8.	3
5 do.	8.	12.
6 do.	9.	3.
Aged	9.	5.

Baxter, Ferrar & Co.

On MONDAY next, the 4th Inft.

WILL BE SOLD

BY PUBLIC AUCTION,

AT THEIR ROOMS

IN MEADOWS' STREET,

SUNDRY Articles of Furniture, Plate &c. the Remainder of the Glafs ware advertised for laft days Sale, fome Handfome Prints Framed and Glazed &—and Sundry other articles, Alfo Several Casks of rejected Beer lately imported &c. &c.

N. B. At 12 o'Clock will be put up feveral Saddle Horfes. &. &c. &c.

Bombay, 2d November 1811.

TO BE LET,

AN Airy Garden Houfe with Stable, and out Houfe all compleat fituate at Mazagon, to the Eaftward of the Grove Houfe of the late SIR MIGUEL DE LIMA E SOUZA, quite new built about one year ago, adapted for a family. For further particular inquire of Mr. ROZARIO de QUADROS in Nifbet Row No. 11.

Bombay, 2d November 1811.

A CARD,

THOMAS KIRBY,

BEGS leave refpectfully to inform the Gentlemen of the Settlement that he has opened a Blackfmith's Shop and Livery Stable for public accommodation.

THE TERMS OF WHICH ARE,

Shoeing Horfes,	Rs. 2½ each.
Stable Room,	5
Standing at Livery,	30

Charges for Medicine and Farriery to be feparate, and as formerly made by him.

T. K. Hopes he fhall give general fatisfaction to his employers, by every poffible attention to their orders and care of their animals,

Bombay, 21 November 1811.

A CARD.

TO BE DISPOSED OF

This preſent Saturday at 11 o'Clock precifely.

No. 2 FORBES's STREET,

A very fine Europe Grey Hound Dog, got by Colonel Thornton's famous Dog Snowball.

Bombay, 2d November 1811.

A CARD.

AT Noon this day will be fold by Public Auction at Captain Haringtons Houfe in Forbes Street, Two Elegant Bronz'd Figures on Pedeftals, two plated Epergnes, Six fine Views of London by Daniel, together with a Number of Pictures and various other Articles, Prizes in the late Lottery which fell to the fhare of Capt. Harington; alfo a few Garden Seeds, fix racing Saddles and Bridles and fome Mufical Inftruments.

Bombay, November 2d 1811.

TO

The EDITOR of the BOMBAY COURIER.

SIR,

I enclofe fome lines which have no value but what they derive from the fubject, they are an unworthy, but fincere, tribute to one whom I have long regarded with fentiments of the moft fincere eſteem and affection and whofe lofs I regret with the moft unfeigned forrow. It will remain with thofe who are better qualified than I am to do juftice to the memory of Doctor Leyden. I only know that he rofe by the power of native genius from the humbleft origin to a very diftinguifhed rank in the literary world. His ſtudies included almoft every branch of human fcience, and he was alike ardent in the purſuit of all. The greateſt power of his mind was perhaps fhewn in his acquifition of modern and antient languages. He exhibited an unexampled facility not merely in acquiring them but in tracing their affinity and connection with each other, and from that talent, combined with his tafte and general knowledge, we had a right to expect, from what he did in a very few years, that he would, if he had lived, have thrown the greateſt light upon the more abſtruſe parts of the Hiſtory of the Eaſt. In this curious but intricate and rugged path we cannot hope to ſee his equal.

Doctor Leyden had from his earlieſt years cultivated the Muſes with a ſucceſs which will make many regret that Poetry did not occupy a larger portion of his time. The firſt of his Eſſays which appeared in a ſeparate form was "The Scenes of Infancy" a deſcriptive Poem in which he ſung in no unpleaſing ſtrains, the charms of his Native Mountains and Streams in Tiviot-dale. He contributed ſeveral ſmall pieces to that collection of Poems called the Minſtrelſy of the Scottiſh border, which he publiſhed with his celebrated friend Walter Scott. Among theſe the Mermaid is certainly the moſt beautiful. In it he has ſhewn all the creative fancy of a real genius. His Ode on the death of Nelſon is undoubtedly the beſt of thoſe poetical effuſions that he has publiſhed ſince he came to India. The following Apoſtrophe to the blood of that hero has a ſublimity of thought and happineſs of expreſſion which never could have been attained but by a true Poet.

" Blood of the brave, thou art not loſt,
" Amid the waſte of waters blue,
" The tide that rolls to Albion's Coaſt:
" Shall proudly boaſt its ſanguine hue,
" And thou ſhalt be the vernal dew
" To foſter valor's daring ſeed;
" The generous plant ſhall ſtill its ſtock renew
" And Hoſts of Heroes riſe when one ſhall bleed."

It is pleaſing to find him, on whom nature has beſtowed eminent genius, poſſeſſed of thoſe more eſſential and intrinſic qualities which give the trueſt excellence to the human character. The manners of Doctor Leyden were uncourtly, more perhaps from his deteſtation of the vices, too generally, attendant on refinement and a wiſh (indulged to exceſs from his youth) to keep at a marked diſtance from them, than from any ignorance of the rules of good breeding. He was fond of talking, his voice was loud and had little or no modulation, and he ſpoke in the provincial dialect of his native county; it cannot be ſurpriſing therefore that even his information and knowledge, when ſo conveyed, ſhould be felt by a number of his hearers as unpleaſant if not oppreſſive. But with all theſe diſadvantages (and they were great) the admiration and eſteem, in which he was always held by thoſe who could appreciate his qualities, became general wherever he was long known; they even who could not underſtand the value of his knowledge loved his virtues. Though he was diſtinguiſhed by his love of liberty, and almoſt haughty independence, his ardent feelings, and proud genius, never led him into any licentious or extravagant ſpeculation on political ſubjects. He never ſolicited favor, but he was raiſed, by the liberal diſcernment of his noble friend and patron Lord Minto, to ſituations that afforded him an opportunity of ſhewing, that he was as ſcrupulous and as inflexibly virtuous in the diſcharge of his public duties, as he was attentive in private life to the duties of morality and religion.

It is not eaſy to convey an idea of the method which Doctor Leyden uſed in his ſtudies, or to deſcribe the unconquerable ardor with which theſe were purſued During his early reſidence in India I had a particular opportunity of obſerving both. When he read a leſſon in Perſian, a perſon near him whom he had taught, wrote down each word on a long ſlip of paper, which was afterwards divided into as many pieces as there were words, and paſted in alphabetical order, under different heads of verbs, nouns, &c. into a blank book that formed a Vocabulary of each day's leſſon. All this he had in a few hours inſtructed a very ignorant native to do, and this man he uſed in his broad accent to call "one of his Mechanical aids." He was ſo ill at Myſore, ſoon after his arrival from England, that Mr. Anderſon, the Surgeon who attended him, deſpaired of his life, but though all his friends endeavoured at this period to prevail upon him to relax in his application to ſtudy, it was in vain. He uſed, when unable to ſit upright, to prop himſelf up with pillows and continue his tranſlations. One day that I was ſitting by his bedſide the Surgeon came in, "I am glad you are here, ſaid Mr. Anderſon addreſſing himſelf to me, you will be able to perſuade Leyden to attend to my advice. I have told him before, and I now repeat, that he will die if he does not leave off his ſtudies and remain quiet." "Very well Doctor, exclaimed, Leyden you have done your duty, but you muſt now hear me, *I cannot be idle* and whether I die or live, the wheel muſt go round to the laſt, and he actually continued under the depreſſion of a fever, and a liver complaint, to ſtudy more than ten hours each day.

The temper of Doctor Leyden was mild, and generous, and he could bear, with perfect good humour, raillery on his foibles. When he arrived at Calcutta in 1805, I was moſt ſolicitous regarding his reception in the ſociety of the Indian Capital. "I entreat you, my dear friend, (I ſaid to him) the day he landed, to be careful of the impreſſion you make on your entering this community, for God ſake learn a little Engliſh, and be ſilent upon literary ſubjects except among literary men." "Learn Engliſh, he exclaimed, "no, never, it was trying to learn that language "that ſpoilt my Scotch, and as to being ſilent "I will promiſe to hold my tongue, if you will "make fools hold theirs."

His memory was moſt tenacious, and he ſome times loaded it with lumber. When he was at Myſore, an argument occurred upon a point of Engliſh Hiſtory; it was agreed to refer it to Leyden, and to the aſtoniſhment of all parties, he repeated verbatim the whole of an Act of Parliament in the reign of James the I. relative to Ireland which decided the point in diſpute. On being aſked how he came to charge his memory with ſuch extraordinary matter, he ſaid that ſeveral years before, when he was writing on the changes that had taken place in the Engliſh language, this Act was one of the documents to which he had referred as a ſpecimen of the ſtile of that age, and that he had retained every word in his memory.

His love of the place of his nativity was a paſſion in which he had always a pride, and which in India he cheriſhed with the fondeſt enthuſiaſm. I once went to ſee him when he was very ill and had been confined to his bed for many days, there were ſeveral Gentlemen in the room, he enquired if I had any news, I told him I had a letter from Eſkdale; and what are they about in the borders? he aſked. A curious circumſtance, I replied, is ſtated in my letter; and I read him a paſſage which deſcribed the conduct of our volunteers on a fire being kindled by miſtake at one of the Beacons. This letter mentioned that the moment the blaze, which was the ſignal of Invaſion, was ſeen, the Mountaineers haſtened to their rendezvous, and thoſe of Leddeſdale ſwam the Ewes River to reach it. They were aſſembled (though ſeveral of their houſes were at a diſtance of ſix and ſeven miles) in two hours, and at break of day the party marched into the town of Hawick (a diſtance of twenty miles from the place of aſſembly) to the border tune of "*wha dar meddle with me*". Leyden's countenance became animated as I proceeded with this detail, and at its cloſe he ſprung from his ſick bed and, with ſtrange melody and ſtill ſtranger geſticulations, ſung aloud, "*wha dar meddle wi me, wha dar meddle with me,*" Several of thoſe who witneſſed this ſcene looked at him as one that was raving in the delirium of a fever.

Theſe anecdotes will diſplay more fully than any deſcription I can give the leſſer ſhades of the character of this extraordinary man. An external manner certainly not agreeable; and a diſpoſition to egotiſm were his only defects. How trivial do theſe appear, at a moment when we are lamenting the loſs of ſuch a rare combination of virtues, learning and genius as were concentrated in the late Doctor Leyden.

I am SIR,

Your obedient ſervant,

JOHN MALCOLM.

Where ſleep the brave on Java's ſtrand
Thy ardent ſpirit, Leyden! fled,
And fame with cypreſs ſhades the land,
Where genius fell, and valor bled.

When triumph's tale is weſtward borne,
On border hills no joy ſhall gleam:
And thy lov'd Tiviot long ſhall mourn
The youthful Poet of her ſtream.

Near Jura's rocks the Mermaids ſtrain,
Shall change from ſweet, to ſolemn lay;
For he is gone the ſtranger ſwain,
Who ſung the Maid of Colonſay.

The hardy Tar, Britannia's pride,
Shall hang his manly head in woe:
The Bard who told how Nelſon died,
With Harp unſtrung, in Earth lies low.

I ſee a weeping band ariſe,
I hear ſad Muſic on the Gale;
Thy Dirge is ſung from Scotia's ſkies,
Her mountain Sons, their loſs bewail.

The Minſtrel of thy native North,
Pours all his ſoul into the Song;
It burſts from near the winding Forth,
And Highland Rocks the notes prolong.

Yes, he who ſtruck a matchleſs Lyre,
O'er Flodden's field, and Kumine's Wave;
With trembling hand now leads the choir,
That mourn his Leyden's early grave.

THE COURIER.

BOMBAY.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 2d, 1811.

GENERAL ORDERS.

BOMBAY CASTLE, 21ſt OCTOBER 1811.

By the Honorable the Governor in Council,

IN reference to the Government Orders of the 15th inſtant, the Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleaſed to direct that Officers againſt whom Retrenchments were made on account of back pay, prefer Abſtracts for the Amount reſtored to them, to the Paymaſter within whoſe range of payments they are ſtationed, accompanied by a Memorandum of the dates, under which the recoveries were made, and by what Paymaſter.—The Paymaſter will refer theſe Abſtracts for Audit before payment.

Bombay Caſtle, 24th October 1811.

The Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleaſed to direct that when no Colonel of a Regiment is preſent with his Corps in India, the Officers reſpectively in Command of each Battalion receive the Superior Batta, but when a Colonel of a Regiment is preſent, that the Superior Batta be limited to the Officer Commanding the 2d Battalion; the Colonel being ſuppoſed to Command the 1ſt Battalion.—This arrangement to have effect for the 1ſt of September laſt.

The Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleaſed to allow Lieut. W. Percy, of the Grenadier Battalion to proceed to Sea, for the benefit of his health, and to be abſent from his Corps and duty for the ſpace of eight Months from the date of his departure.

Bombay Caſtle, 28th October 1811.

The Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleaſed to allow Lieut. William Gilkrift of the 4th Regt. Native Infantry, to proceed to Seringapatam; the whole period of his abſence and ſuſpenſion being deducted from his ſervice.

The Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleaſed to publiſh for general information the ſubjoined rates of exchange; as the fixed Standard for converting all advances made at Bengal, Madras, Penang, China and Ceylon into the Bombay Currency, viz.

100 Bombay to be calculated as equal to 100 Sicca Rs.
101 Bombay as equal to 100 Sonaat Rupees.
110 Current ditto do. to 100 Bombay Rupees.
102 Arcot ditto do. to 100 ditto ditto
350 Bombay Rupees to 100 Star Pegodas.
220 Ditto to 100 Spaniſh Dollars—
& Bombay Rs. 88 3 qrs. to 100 Rix Dollars of Ceylon.

In conſequence of the death of Captain N. Allen, of the 5th Regt. Native Infantry, the Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleaſed to direct that the following promotions take place in that Regiment.

Fifth Regiment Native Infantry.

Captain Lieut. Alexander Glais, to be Captain of a Company, Lieut. Charles Chriſtie to be Captain Lieut. and Enſign H. D. Robertſon to be Lieut. in Succeſſion to Capt. Allen, deceaſed—Date of Rank 19th Oct. 1811.

The Governor in Council is further pleaſed to direct that the following alteration and promotion take place in the Medical Eſtabliſhment in conſequence of the death of Surgeon James Wilſon, which happened previous to that of Surgeon J. Thorp,

Date of Rank

Surgeon Dougal Chriſtie to be Surgeon
vice Wilſon deceaſed, - - - 2d April 1811

Aſſiſtant Surgeon Charles Armſtrong
to be Surgeon vice Thorpe deceaſed, 6th Aug. 1811.

Bombay Caſtle 30th October 1811.

The Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleaſed to allow Lieutenant T. Daubeny of the Grenadier Battalion to proceed to Bangalore, and to be abſent from his Corps and duty for two Months from the date of his departure.

In Conſequence of the death of Lieut. E. I. Martinnant of the Marine Battalion, at ſea on the 5th November laſt, the Hon'ble the Governor in Council is pleaſed to direct that the following promotion take place in that Corps.

Marine Battalion.

Enſign William Black to be Lieut. vice Martinnant deceaſed,—Date of Rank 6th November 1810.

The Governor in Council is alſo pleaſed to appoint aſſiſtant Surgeon Wm. Panton to Muſter the Troops at Fort Victoria, in the room of the Reſident at that ſtation.

By Order of the Hon'ble the Governor in Council,

W. NEWNHAM,
Sec. to Govt.

Accounts received at Madeira by a veſſel which left the Tagus on the 15th June, ſtate that Lord Wellington was in purſuit of Soult, and that another ſevere action was expected. His Lordſhip had taken from his army in the North 10,000 men and had, with that force, reinforced, joined and taken the command of General Beresford's army, leaving his own army under the command of Sir Brent Spencer, who was to watch Marmont's movements and to act accordingly. Theſe accounts alſo mention that General Graham, with all the Britiſh, had left Cadiz to join Lord Wellington, as the French force before that town had broken up to join Soult.

General Caſtanos tho' ſuperior to Marſhal Beresford refuſed at the battle of Albuera to take the command from him; this is an indication of a conciliatory and prudent ſyſtem on the part of the Spaniſh, and muſt if continued be of the higheſt advantage to the common cauſe. Nothing can exceed the confidence the army have in Lord Wellington and all perſons of all parties in England are now united in thinking that confidence well placed.

On the 6th of June Lord Milton made the following motion in the Houſe of Commons, "that on a deliberate conſideration of the circumſtances which had led to the retirement of his Royal Highneſs the Duke of York from the Command

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 08 April, 2017

of the Army in 1809, it appears to this House to be highly indecorous and improper in the advisers of his Royal Highness the Prince Regent to recommend the reappointment of his Royal Highness the Duke of York to the office of Commander in Chief. After a long debate, the motion was negatived by a majority of 249, the numbers being for the motion 47, against it 296.

Sir George Nugent who is appointed Commander in Chief in India was to sail as last July for Calcutta.

Sir John Craddock had arrived at Madeira on his way to the Cape where he is appointed Commander in Chief in the room of General Grey. General Brownrigg was to leave England in August or September for Ceylon where he is to succeed General Maitland.

On Tuesday June the 4th the Prince Regent made a great Brevet Promotion.

From Major Generals F. Baron Drefchel to Sir Brent Spencer *inclusive* to be Lieutenant Generals.

From Colonel Fisher of the Royal Engineers to S. Hawker *inclusive* to be Major Generals.

From Lieutenant Colonel Sir C. Imhoff Knt of 4th Garrison Battalion, to T. S. Beckwith of the 95th Foot inclusive to be Colonels. *From* Major J. Campbell on half pay 68th Foot to J Stafford of the 83d Foot *inclusive* to be Lieutenant Colonels; Previous to the great Brevet the following promotions took place.

WAR OFFICE, June 3.

42d Regiment of Foot, Major Wm. Cowell from the Royal Regiment of Malta to be Major, vice, Munro who retires upon the half pay of the Royal Regt. of Malta.

79th ditto, Brevet Lieutenant Colonel W. M. Harvey to be Lieut. Col. without purchase, vice Cameron dead of his wounds.

Captain Donald Cameron to be Major, vice Harvey.

Royal African Corps, Major Chas. McCarthy from the 104th Foot to be Lieut. Col. without purchase.

BREVET.

Captain Richard Armstrong from the 97th Foot to be Major in the army; he being appointed to serve in Portugal under the command of Lieut General Sir Wm. Carr Beresford, vice Brown promoted.

To be Lieutenant Colonels in the army.—Major D. L. Gilmour of the 95th Foot. Major J. K. Coghlan of 61st Foot, Major A. Petrie of 79th Foot, Major W. Woodgate of 60th Foot, Major G. H. B. Way of 29th Foot, Major O. Macintosh of 85th Foot, Major C. C. Patrickson of 43d Foot, Major G. G. C. L. Estrange of 31st Foot, Major R. Arbuthnot (unattached).

To be Majors in the army,—Capt. M. Mackenzie of the 71st Foot. Capt. A. Brown of the 79th Foot, Capt. P Crueber of 1st Light Dragoons of the King's German Legion with temporary rank only.

Captain G T. Napier of the 52d Foot, Capt. G. Krauchenberg of 1st Light Dragoons of King's German Legion with temporary rank only, Capt. G. Scovell of the 57th Foot, Capt. W. F. P. Napier of the 43d Foot, Capt. M. Shawe of the 74th Foot: Capt. G Cameron of the 95th Foot, Capt. H. Baltenavis of the 27th Foot, Captain Honble J. C. Cocks of the 16th Light Dragoons, Capt. S. R. Chapman of the Royal Engineers.

TO THE HONORABLE

SIR JAMES MACKINTOSH,

Knight Recorder of Bombay.

SIR,

On receiving the award which you have made on the contested points of account between Government and His Majesty's Justices, we feel ourselves called upon, by a deep sense of obligation to convey to you, on the part of the public our grateful acknowledgements for the services rendered to the community of this Island; as well by this last act of arbitration, which secures, to the Bench, the pecuniary means of accomplishing the objects of their appointment, in promoting the Interests of the Town of Bombay, as by the perspicuous exposition, of the legitimate Powers of His Majesty's Justices which can now be exercised without any other restraint than that of the Law—of the precise connection which subsists between them and the Government and which, hitherto involved in obscurity, had been productive of doubt and disagreement—and of the Superior Authority established by Act of Parliament in the King's Court of Justice, to which the Bench are alone to consider themselves amenable for their Acts and to which they may address themselves, in difficulty, for legal advice and protection.

These are services, Sir, which the people of this place and your countrymen in particular will long continue to remember with gratitude; and as a recorded tribute to the public spirit, and obliging disposition which so readily prompted you to undertake a task of much trouble and particular delicacy, we beg leave to present you with this address from His Majesty's Justices in, Sessions assembled, accompanied by our sincere wishes for a safe and prosperous voyage to England.

We have the honor to be,

SIR,

Your very obedient Servants,

(Signed) ROBERT KITSON,
CHAS. FORBES,
W. T. MONEY,
J. FELL,
L. ASHBURNER,
R COWARD.
JAMES MORLEY,
ROB. HOLFORD,
H. SHANK,
R. T. GOODWIN.

Bombay, 24th October 1811.

To His Majesty's Justices of the Peace for the Island of Bombay.

GENTLEMEN,

I was yesterday honoured by your address of the 24th instant and I have now the honour to return you my most sincere thanks for so gratifying a mark of your approbation.

As it proceeds from you individually I value it, because I know you all and I have the happiness to enjoy the friendship of some of you.

For the public character of independent Justices of the Peace I entertain a peculiar respect, considering their magistracy as one of the unchanged parts of that ancient system of English Law and Government which I contemplate with daily encreasing reverence as the noblest monument of the human understanding.

I rejoice that I have had the happiness to explain some doubtful points in the relations between the Government and the Justices; and I trust that the explanation may tend to secure the independence of the Magistrates and to strengthen the authority of Government.

An arbitration between parties less enlightened and disinterested might have been painful and invidious. But I entered on the late arbitration with perfect confidence in the liberality both of Government and of the Bench of Justices. I deserve little thanks for undertaking the arbitration, and I need not add that I deserve none for doing what seemed to me to be just in the award.

Permit me Gentlemen, to wish you individually every sort of happiness and to express my warm wishes that the Bench of this Island may long continue to be filled by Magistrates of equal understanding and character.

I have the honor to be,

GENTLEMEN,

Your most obdt. humble Servant,

(Signed) JAMES MACKINTOSH.

Bombay 29th October 1811.

RECORDER'S COURT.

FRE JOAÓ FIDELIS

v.

FRE PEDRO DE ALCANTRA.

This was an action of a assumpsit brought to recover a sum of money, part of the property acquired, during his life time, by the Reverend the Archangelo Barber, a Capuchin missionary, who had lately died on his way from Poonah to Surat. The Plaintiff is the Superior of the Capuchin Church and Mission at Madras and Administrator of the funds belonging to the order; and as such claimed a right to the money in question, on the acknowleged general principle that the property acquired by a religious missionary devolves, at his death, on the surviving members of the order to which he belongs. This principle is recognized and declared in a decree of the Council of Trent sessio 25, cap. 2. & dated the 1st December 1563, and was not denied by the defendant who is the Carmelite Bishop of Antephili and had taken possession of the money by virtue of his title of Vicar Apostolic of the Great Mogul; but it was alleged by him, that it's operation was superseded by the decrees of the Sacra Congregatio de propaganda fide, and, more particularly, by a decree of that body dated the 22d December 1716 and confirmed by a subsequent decree dated 17th day of August 1772, declaring, that the property acquired by the missionaries maintained at the expence of the Sacred Congregation, belongs, after their death, to the Sacred Congregation and is to be employed for the purposes of the million. It was contended, in the first place, on the part of the Plaintiff, that this decree was not legally established in evidence by the mere production of a printed copy & by the parol testimony of the two Carmelite missionaries, who only stated, generally, their conviction of the existence of such a decree; and in the second place, even supposing the decree to be well proved, that it extended only to such missionaries as were immediately maintained by the Sacred Congregation, whereas the deceased missionary had been maintained at the expence of the Capuchins. And further supposing that the property of deceased missionaries belongs of right to the Sacred Congregation still the Plaintiff was entitled as administrator and agent for the Sacred Congregation to recover and receive the property of a deceased missionary belonging to his order; and that by recognizing such a right, the Court would give effect at once to the general principle above relied on for the Plaintiff and the doctrine contained in the decree of Dec. 16th 1716. In reply to this was it alleged, that all the property possessed by missionaries, of every order, belonged to the Sacred Congregation; and therefore that all missionaries were in fact supported by the Sacred Congregation; and that the right to the property acquired by deceased missionaries belonged to the chief of the mission in whose district the missionary, whether Carmelite a Capuchin, had died; and that the Prefect of the order to which the deceased missionary belonged, was only entitled to the administration of the property of the deceased, when the death took place in his own district. In support of this position the defendant produced a copy of a decree of the Sacred Congregation dated the 19th June 1797. This decree was to the following effect. "That it having been referred to the Sacred Congregation as a matter of doubt to whose jurisdiction the Capuchins at Surat were subject and from whom they ought to derive their powers, their Eminences, after mature considerations answered, that those of Surat were subject to the jurisdiction of the Vicar Apostolic of the Great Mogul and that they ought to derive their powers from him as their immediate and legitimate superior. The copy of this decree was not legally authenticated, but the witnesses stated their knowledge of the existence of such decree.

The appointment of the Defendant to be Vicar Apostolic was proved and a copy of a grant of powers to administer the Sacrament within the spiritual jurisdiction of the Vicar Apostolic, conferred by the Defendant on the deceased, was also given in evidence.

The Honorable the Recorder, in giving judgement, said that he should state, shortly, those principles of the law of evidence which guided him in respect to the evidence before him. The present case turned on a question of foreign law. Foreign law was a fact to be proved by the testimony of persons conversant in that law. That the rules of evidence only required that the law should be stated by witnesses who, from their situation or character, might be presumed to have a competent knowledge of such law. That he did not consider the copies of the decrees of the sacred congregation which had been given in evidence, as legal proofs in themselves of the law therein promulgated; but he viewed them only as forming part of the parole testimony of the witnesses, and as containing their exposition of the law in question. They were memoranda used by the witnesses to aid their conception and recollection. A regular proof of them, such as is required to introduce written documents in evidence, was therefore unnecessary.

He then proceeded to observe that there was no contradiction in the evidence in this cause. That the witnesses for the Plaintiff did not deny the existence of the decree of August 1716; they only say they are not aware of such a decree, which might very well be consistently with the existence of it.

Neither did the Defendant deny the general ecclesiastical law affirmed by the Canon of the Council of Trent, that a religious order inherits all property acquired by their Members. It was only said and apparently with justice that the decree of 1716 repeated in 1772 had derogated from that law in all cases of monks employed on mission by the sacred congregation.

That the instances mentioned on behalf of the plaintiff, in which the property of the deceased missionary had been taken possession of by his order or by the Prefect Apostolic of the order, did not militate against the doctrine contended for by the Defendant. For that in every instance but one, the missionary had died within the jurisdiction or district committed by the Congregation to missionaries of the Capuchin order; in which case it was admitted by the Defendant that the Prefect of the order would have a right to take possession. That one instance had been stated of a Franciscan missionary who had died at Goa, and whose effects were claimed and taken by the other members of that order. But, his Lordship observed, it must be remembered that Goa was not to be considered in the same light as the other countries in India. That it was only in those places where the Roman Catholic religion was not the established religion that the individuals of the different orders could be considered as possessing the character of missionaries, and that it was only over such places that the jurisdiction of the Sacred Congregation extended. Whereas at Goa the Roman Catholic religion was the established religion of the place; and that there, of course, the general principle contended for by the Plaintiff would operate.

The Honorable the Recorder concluded by observing that the Defendant having established the doctrine that the effects of a deceased missionary belong to the sacred congregation; that the capuchins of Surat are subject to the jurisdiction of the Vicar Apostolic of the Great Mogul, by a decision of the sacred congregation in 1797; and having proved the appointment of the Defendant to that office under a commission from the Pope dated the 3d June 1794; and having also proved that the deceased Capuchin had received his faculty of administring the sacrament from the Defendant as Vicar Apostolic, it appeared to him that the Defendant had clearly a right to the possession of the money in question, as administering the property which had accrued to the congregation de propagandâ fide for the benefit of the mission, and therefore there must be JUDGMENT for the DEFENDANT.

Counsel for the Plaintiff Mr. Woodhouse.

Attorney Mr. Stephenson.

Counsel for Defendant, Mr. Advocate General.

Attorney Mr. Hungerford.

ARRIVALS.—Lieut. Gerrans, G. B.
Lieut. Daubigne, ditto.
Lieut. Alder, H. M. 84th Regt.
Lieutenant Barnwell,
Lieut. Pouget, Engineers.
Captain Whith, Artillery.
DEPARTURE.—Lieut. Gerrans, Grenadier Battalion.

BOMBAY

BIRTH.—On the 11th of September last at Sea on Board the H. C. Ship Moffat, the Lady of Capt. Fallon of the 5th Native Regt. of a Son.

At Byculla on Monday afternoon 28th ultimo the Lady of R. S. Kitson Esq of a Daughter.

DEATH.—Yesterday after a lingering illness, Miss Ann Mack.

FORT ST. GEORGE.

OCTOBER 17, 1811.

This day His Majesty's Ship Procris, commanded by Captain Tyler, arrived from Java, with despatches from the Right Honorable the Governor General, of which the following are copies.

TO THE HONORABLE.

SIR GEORGE HILARO BARLOW.

Governor in Council, Fort St. George.

HONORABLE SIR,

Para. 1. I have the honour to send you enclosed, a copy of my letter to the Honorable the Court of Directors, communicating the report made to me by His Excellency Lieutenant General Sir Samuel Auchmuty of the Military operations from the day on which the Troops landed in Java to the present time.—As His Excellency informs me that he has transmitted to you a copy of his letter and of the papers therein referred to, it becomes unnecessary that I should forward further copies by the present opportunity which will not admit of delay.

2. You will share the satisfaction with which I communicate to you events at once decisive of the important object of the expedition to Java, and conducive in so high a degree to the lustre of the British Arms, as well as to the Glory of the Troops, and the distinguished Officers who commands them.

3. I have only to add, that there remains to the enemy but a small and ill composed body of Troops at Sourabaya, against which a powerful British force is now embarking under the personal Command of His Excellency Sir Samuel Auchmuty.—The navigation to the point of disembarkation does not exceed ten days, and I am not too sanguine in assuring you, conformably with the decided opinion of the Commander in Chief, that the conquest of Java may be considered as already substantially accomplished.

BATAVIA, *the 1st. Sept.* 1811.

I have the honor to be,
&c. &c. &c.
(Signed) MINTO.

TO THE

HONBLE the COURT of DIRECTORS,

OF THE EAST INDIA COMPANY,

London.

HONORABLE SIRS,

1.—I have the honor to enclose for your information, copy of a letter addressed to me by His Excellency Lieutenant General Sir Samuel Auchmuty, Commander in Chief of the Forces serving on the Expedition to Java, under date the 31st August.

2.—The report which His Excellency has been pleased to make of the proceedings of the Army under his Command is so full and explicit while the Actions which it recounts are so honorable to the brave Troops who have performed them, and the result is so important and decisive that I should have had nothing to add to a communication so satisfactory, if His Excellency had not left one defect in his address which I think myself entitled to supply.

3. Your Honorable Court will not find one word concerning himself, a modesty which being the natural companion of merit, such as his, was the only heightening of which it was susceptible. But neither his Sovereign, his Country, nor the East India Company whose commands he has on this occasion carried into effect, will forget the share which is due in these signal and brilliant services, to the superintending mind under whose directions they have been accomplished, nor will they fail to appreciate the man who has led one of the bravest armies our country boasts to the most arduous achievements; I am conscious that no testimony of mine can be worthy their acceptance, but I cannot repress a sentiment sanctioned I am sure by the unanimous concurrence of every military authority, that

(Continued in the Supplement.)

BOMBAY:—Printed for the PROPRIETORS, by SAMUEL RANS, No. 7, Forbes's Street.

WHERE ADVERTISEMENTS, AND ARTICLES OF INTELLIGENCE, WILL BE THANKFULLY RECEIVED.

Subscribers about to change their Stations, are requested to give Notice thereof to the PROPRIETORS, who will pay due attention to their Order.